the world the foremost artists are WASHINGTON. in public, because we are better able ptional talent than any other to pay for exce This influx of great actors from people. This influx of great actors from Europe has exercised a happy influence the American stage, and has resulted in a marked improvement in the acting in our metropolitan theatres. The devotion of theatres like Wallack's to the interest of high art, and the care taken to present artistically and with careful attention to details plays of a high order, compel other theatres to keep up to a high standard, and so tends to elevate the drama and spread its civilizing influence over the masses. As we look on the stage as one of the most powerful agents in disseminating sound principles of morality and intelligent views of life, we reiolca at the evidence we see about us of its prosperity and growing popularity. It shall oe our aim to increase its influence and widen its range until New York stands at the head of the capitals of the world as the generous and intelligent patron of dramatic art.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

Celebrate Father Mathew's birthday on Thurs-

Mrs. Peggy Wilson, aged ninety, died in Abbeville, S. C., lately. Some irreverent Western scribe asks if it was not about time Peggy pegged

The Louisville Courier-Journal (Greeley) says the election in Georgia is a bona fide triumph. Good for the bones of the poor niggers, if you can find

them. According to the Charleston (S. S.) Courier of the 4th Instant, Philosopher Greeley is expected to be at an agricultural fair in Abbeville county in that State. See if he will.

The Boston Transcript asks if there is any such thing as a "settled reputation" among officials in the United States ? Of course there is-when they

The Little Rock (Ark.) Gazette (Greeley) gives its unhesitating approval" of the following ticket:-Governor, Andrew Hunter, of Saline; Lieutenant Governor, J. C. Tappan, of Phillips: Secretary of State, J. M. Johnson, of Madison; Supreme Judges, J. J. Clendenin, of Pulaski; J. D. Walker, of Wash-Ington; Congressman at Large, J. M. Pomeroy, of Pulaski.

The Chicago Tribune (Greeley) says "the emhatic liberal triumph in Georgia secures that State for Greeley in November." Then the "emphatic disapproval" of the fifteenth amendment is accepted by the anti-administration faction in Illinois of which the Tribune is the special organ. Shooting niggers who have a right to vote is of no ac-Where is the fifteenth amendment?

A malt dealer of Geneva, N. Y., was one of the rictims of the Metis disaster. Soon after the following letter came to him from a customer:-"Mr J. H. Ferguson:-Dear Sir-Please send me a carad of malt, best quality. I noticed in the papers that there was a man killed by the name of J. H. Ferguson, Geneva, N. Y., by an accident on a amboat. If there is any truth in it, and you cannot send me the malt, let me know by telegram

SPECIMEN PERSONAL SPICE OF THE PENNSYLVANIA CAMPAIGN .- Says the Philadelphia Age (Greeley) :-Watch the police. They are the leaders in the effort to debadch the ballot box.

Cameron and the "Ring" are bidding high for votes in favor of Alexander in the First Senatorial district. If pushed Cameron will sacrifice Hartranit to save himself

A fair election in this city will defeat Hartranft and Allen by twenty thousand. Hence the gigantic scheme of fraud devised by Cameron and the "Ring."

A "Vermont Democrat" writes to inform us that the liberal republican organization in the Green Mountain State is perfect, having been arranged by Jed. P. Ladd, member of the Liberal Republican National Committee for Vermont. Then the song of the opposition in Vermont at the time of the late State election must have been-

Oh, Laddie, we have missed you.

In a sketch of Horace B. Claffin, the eminent merchant, given by a contemporary, the writer omits to mention the little fact that Mr. Claffin once insisted on paying \$50,000 revenue tax in addition to the regular assessment, believing the additional amount to be honestly due the government. Such instances of munificent honesty are so rare that when they occur they deserve men-

THE WEATHER.

WAR DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, WASHINGTON, Oct. 7-1 A. M.

Synopsis for the Past Twenty-four Hours. The barometer has risen on the Upper Lakes and southward to the Ohio Valley, and eastward over Michigan and Lake Erie, with heavy rains and northerly winds on the Lower Lakes, and lighter rains in the Ohio Valley; on the entire Atlantic coast southerly to easterly winds and clear weather prevail, with cloudy weather and easterly winds on

On the Lower Lakes the barometer will probably rise with northerly and westwardly winds and clearing and cooler weather on Monday, extending over the Middle States by the aftermoon, and during Monday night over New England; in New England and the northern portion of the Middle States cloudy weather and areas of rain, with southerly to westerly winds; in the Upper Mississippi and on Lake Michigan clear and cool weather, extending southward to Kentucky on Monday. Telegraphic reports have not been received from the Northwest, the Southwest and most of the Gulf States.

The Weather in This City Yesterday. The following record will show the changes in the temperature for the past twenty-four hours in comparison with the corresponding day of last

year, as indicated by the thermometer at Hudnut's Pharmacy, Heral Dullding:—

1871, 1872, 1871, 1872, 1871, 1872, 1871, 1872, 1871, 1872, 1871, 1872, 1871, 1872, 1871, 1872, 1871, 1872, 1871, 1872, 1871, 1872, 1871, 1872, 1871, 1872, 1871, 1872, 1871, 1871, 1872, 1871,

last year..... 63% INDIANS CHASTISED.

Battle Between Three Companies of United States Cavalry and a Large Force of Apache and Mojave Indians.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Oct. 5, 1872. A despatch has just been received from Governor McCormick, of Arizona Territory, saying that the attack of Colonel Mason on the Apache and Mojave is the most important blow ever dealt to hostile Indians in that territory. It is now known that most of the murders and robberies are to be charged to them, and that at least two of the killed participated in the massacre of the Loring party near Wyckenburg in November. A number of those who lately left Dale Creek reservation were found among the slain.

Crushing Defeat of the Indians-Forty of Them Killed and Many Wounded and Captured. San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 6, 1872.

The Arizona Miner's extra gives an official ac count of an attack made by three companies of cavalry, aided by friendly Hualapa Indians, under the command of Colonel Mason, September 24, on a large force of Apache and Mojave Indians, led by Ancriet, Hokora, Ocha, Calama and five other chiefs in the mountains near the Santa Maria

River.

The attacking party had to march on foot over a country literally cut up with deep canyons. The surprise of the Indians was complete, four ranches being simultaneously attacked. Forty Indians were killed and many more wounded and captured.

THE ARIZONA DIAMOND FIELDS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Oct. 6, 1872. A large number of miners have returned here from the Arizona diamond fields, their expedition being unsuccessful. They denounce the diamond excitement as a fraud.

A Treasury Swoop on the Money Market.

Five Millions of Gold To Be Sold--- Five Millions of Bonds To Be Bought To-Day.

ISSUE OF RESERVE LEGAL TENDERS.

The Work of the British-American Claims Commission.

IMPORTANT DECISIONS IN OUR FAVOR.

Insanity of Leesburg's Female Poisoner.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6, 1872. Purchase of Bonds and Sale of Gold to Ease the New York Market-Extra Issue of Legal Tender Notes.

Judge Richardson, Acting Secretary of the Treas ury, to-night telegraphed Assistant Treasurer Hillase, at New York, to buy \$5,000,000 bonds and sell \$5,000,000 of gold to-morrow, subject to the usual conditions of the monthly purchases of bonds and

There has been unusual activity about the Treas ury Department to-day. The Acting Secretary was in constant telegraphic communication with Secretary Boutwell, and telegrams were also received from leading banking houses in New York and Philadelphia. The cause is explained in the telegram sent to-night to Thomas Hillhouse, Assistant Treasurer in New York, to sen \$5,000,000 in gold and buy \$5,000,000 in bonds to morrow—intended as a surprise to Wall street. This act, it is understood, has been fully anticipated. There is in the Treasury vault here \$133,000,000 in legal tender notes held not as a reserve, but for convenience in redeeming mutilated currency, and the first issue of legal tenders, which the government wishes to call in as fast as possible. The stringency of the money market in New York led to the inquiry whether the Secretary of the Treasury had authority to issue any more legal tenders. It was decided that in an emergency he could; that Congress had not restricted the department except within \$400,000,000-\$356,000,000 of which are in circulation; that it was at those figures Secretary Mc-Culloch was checked in reducing the legal tender circulation, while the Secretary has had ample authority to fill out the \$400,000,000 if he chose to exercise his authority. Such is the opinion held at the Treasury Department. Yesterday the question arose as to the manner in which any portion of the \$44,000,000 could be precipitated on the New York market out of the virgin legal tenders locked up in the Treasury vaults, and, after consultation, it was decided that it could be done best by ordering the immediate purchase of bonds. The consideration went so far as to include the speediest method of forwarding the greenbacks to New York. The financial programme of to-morrow is the result of yesterday's deliberation.

The British American Claims Commisston-Important Decisions for the

United States. The British American Claims Commission adjourned vesterday until the 28th inst. Business is progressing rapidly, considering the magnitude of the work presented to the agents and counsel on both sides. The treaty requires all claims to be decided within two years from the first meeting, which was held September 26, 1871. It is expected that the Commission will be able to dispose of the last case by September 1, 1873, when a balance will be struck as to the amount due Great Britain over the amount awarded to American claimants, payment to be made within twelve months after date of final award without interest. A deduction of five per cent is to be made for the expenses of the Commission, including contingent expenses. Claimants cannot be paid before 1874, as Congress, which will make the appropriation, does not meet until December, 1873, and will, it is said, have to await the action of Parliament, which does not meet for several months after.

The American agent and counsel, Mr. Robert S. Hale, expects to represent the Sixteenth New York district in that Congress, and vote for the appro-

During the sessions held the past week a number tant questions, among which were the following:-Yesterday the Commission decided an important principle in two cases for tobacco burned at Richmond. The claimants, Scotch merchants, alleged themselves the owners of the tobacco in question at the outbreak of the war; that the President, by the proclamation of blockade, and the Congress, by the non-intercourse act of June, 1861, prevented their removal of the same, although under the non-intercourse act the President was permitted to license special and lim-lted trade with the insurrectionary districts, and, as the claimants alleged, such licenses were given to those willing to take an active part against the rebellion in preference to aliens and neutrals. The claimants charged the subsequent destruction and loss of their tobacco to this prevention of removal by the United States and claimed the United States liable therefor. On demurrer to the memorials, the Commission decided against the claims, holding in effect the proclamation of blockade, the non-intercourse act and the practice of the United States under them lawful acts of war within the law of nations. If this claim could have been sustained the United States would be made liable for an immense amount of property in the South owned by aliens at the outbreak of the war.

In the cases of Watkins and Lee and Dalgetty and Du Croz & Co. vs. the United States, the claimants claimed damages for a portion of the cargo of the Hiawatha, consigned to them by a contractor in Richmond, alleging that by the capture of the tobacco their vender failed to fulfil his contract and claiming the damages resulting from such nonfulfilment. By the decision the Commission held, in effect these damages to be too remote for allowance, the claimants not alleging themselves to have been the owners of the tobacco at the time of capture, but only entitled to receive it on contract.

In cases 357, 359 and 447 the demurrers of the United States were sustained, the Commission holding in effect, in accordance with rules of the common law, that an action for wrongful arrest and imprisonment was a personal action which died with the claimant and did not survive his adminis-

trator. In case 427 the demurrer of the United States was sustained, the Commission holding, in effect, that a British insurance company could sustain no action for insurance paid on property of others than British subjects wrongfully captured and con-demned by the United States, but that to sustain such & claim the property must have been owned at the time of capture by British subjects.

On demurrer by the United States to various claims for alleged wrongful capture and condemnation by the United States of ships and cargoes as prize, where no appeal had been taken from the prize court of original jurisdiction, the demurrers of the United States were overruled, the Commission holding that an excuse for the owners to appeal might perhaps be shown by the claimants; but, at the same time, deciding virtually that in every case of allegation of wrongful condemnation the omission of the claimants to appeal from the prize court of original jurisdiction must be satisfactorily explained in order to establish a ground for

claim before the Commission. The Payment of the Geneva Award. It is anticipated in official circles that the award made by the Geneva Tribunal will be paid before the expiration of twelve months from the time of its announcement, this being the treaty limit. The

money will be paid to the Department of State.

and, as there is no law concerning the disposal of it, legislation by Congress becomes necessary for

The San Juan Arbitration. The only official information concerning the San Juan arbitration is that a decision would be made

surely this month. The Mexican Claims Commission. Minister Nelson has informed the Department of State that there is a prospect of the Mexican government soon appointing a Commissioner in order that the business pefore the United States and Mexican Claims Commission may be resumed.

The United States and Spanish Commission though organized more than a year ago has not adjudicated any claims. Some of them will be ready for consideration at the next meeting of the Com

Dr. Houard's memorial has not been received. The Leesburg Poisoning Case.

The trial of Mrs. Emily Lloyd, on charge of poison ing her children, Maud and Anna, begins at Lees burg, Va., on the 21st inst. There is now no doubt of her insanity. She is having wearing appare made for travelling, and expects to leave for Canada in a few weeks, where, she says, she is to be married. She admits purchasing arsenio, but declines to tell what became of the missing pack age. Professor Tonry, the chemist who made the analysis, will be able to show a portion of it taken from the stomachs of the children. Eminent coun set have been engaged for the State and the

The District of Columbia Delegate-Its Local Election.

The withdrawal of Frederick A.-Boswell from the contest for Delegate to Congress from this district insures the election of General Chipman, the pres ent delegate.

The election for a delegate in Congress and nembers of the lower house of the Territorial Legislature will take place on Tuesday next. These are the only elective officers in this district, the members of the Council, the Governor, the Board of Public Works and the Board of Health being appointed by the President of the United States, with the approval of the Senate.

The Cleveland Congressman. Information received here from Cleveland is to the effect that Richard Parsons, Marshal of the United States Supreme Court, will be elected to Congress on the republican ticket, but by a largely reduced majority over that given Upson, Representative from that district.

Savages at Church Service. The delegation of Indians now here, dressed in fanciful costumes, to-day attended service at the Metropolitan Methodist church. At the conclusion of the services they requested, through the inter preter, that the character of the exercises be explained to them, which was done by the Rev. Dr. Newman, who preached at that church to-day, and who has come to Washington for the purpose of of ficiating at the funeral of Captain Davenport. It is announced that the new pastor, Dr. Tiffany, will enter upon his duties next Sunday. The Ku Klux Quiet.

The government has taken no recent action under the Ku Klux law, no complaints which would have authorized it having been received.

Yellow Sheathing for Ships Free. Treasury Department decides that yellow sheathing for the construction and repair of ships can be entered free. It had been held to the contrary; but it was found that it could not be manufactured here, because the proportion of copper and spelter cannot be ascertained. The Annapolis Class of '76.

There are now ninety cadet midshipmen at the Naval Academy from the June and September examinations, including one Japanese and one colored boy.

The Argentine Republic. Mr. Garcia, the Argentine Minister, has returned

to Washington. He has received advices from his country regarding its general prospenty and con tinued improvement. The Swedish Minister. No appointment of Minister to Sweden is con-

confirm it. Presidential Recognition. The President has recognized P. H. Hartmann as Vice Consul of Sweden and Norway, at Cincinnati.

templated until the Senate shall be in session to

UTAH.

Closing of the Territorial Fair-A Mormon Conference.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Oct. 6, 1872. The Territorial fair closed its three days' session yesterday. There was a full attendance and a creditable display of agricultural and domestic products, blooded stock, &c. The Forty-second semi-annual conference of the

Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints com-Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints commenced to-day. The Tabernacle was crowded with members of the Church from all parts of the Territory. President Smith and Apostles Pratt and Hyde delivered sermons to-day, in which there was nothing new or striking. The conference continues until Friday.

The American Fork Narrow Gauge Railroad is in running order, and will connect with the Utah Southern Railroad in a few days. The business over the road is aiready large.

THE REFORM PARTY.

Interesting Particulars About the Secret Political Organization-Its Platform of Principles. Sr. Louis, Oct. 6, 1872.

The Democrat to-day gives a lengthy account of a secret political organization, called the American Reform Party, information of which was derived from a gentleman holding a high office in its ranks. The report says the organization was formed in 1867, but it had only a feeble existence. being confined to a few Eastern States, until the New York riots of 1871, when it broke out anew. Shortly after that agents were sent through the States to form the nucleus of the American reform party, and now the organnization ramifles the whole country. In Missouri alone there are 280 clubs and a State Council. In St. Louis there are twelve club councils, which hold meetings almost nightly, and claim to have

The principal features of their platform of principles are a declaration for a perpetuation of feder-Nevertheless, persons born abroad of American Nevertheless, persons born abroad of American parents, and foreigners coming to the United States when under twenty years of age, should be entitled to all the rights and privileges of native-born citizens; that no person should be selected for a political station, whether native or foreigner, who recognizes any allegiance or obligation to any foreign power whatever; the unqualified recognition and maintenance of the reserved rights of States; non-interference by Congress with purely State questions; opposition to any union between Church and State and no interference with any religious faith or worship and no test oath for office; thorough investigation of all alleged abuses of trust by public officers and strict economy in public expenditures; enforcement of all laws constitutionally enacted until they are repealed or declared void by competent judicial authority; that all children are entitled to education at the public expense, free from sectatianism, and that there should be no division of the school runds for other than school purposes.

The party claims to have already influenced some elections in the New England States. The position of the party is not aggressive but defensive, the object being to defend the laws and principles of popular government and compel every man in this country to be American.

The closing words of the Democrat's informant are:—"We have in our order persons of all nationalities and religions, and we only ask that they shall all be Americans in principle and feeling. We are not against any man's nationality or religion but we say no monarchical principles shall be engrafted upon the political system of America." parents, and foreigners coming to the United States

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS IN NEW YORK. ERIE COUNTY .- Third district, Franklin A. Al-

ERIR COUNTY.—Third district, Frankin A. Alberger.
ORLEANS.—Assembly, Elisha S. Whalen; County Treasurer, Augustus C. Barnett.
CHAUTAUQUA.—Treasurer. Sherman Williams; Justice of Sessions, Anson Reed; Assembly. First district, Francis B. Brewer; Second district, John D. Hiller.
OTSEGO.—Clerk, N. K. Thurber; Sheriff, A. N. Benedict; Treasurer, G. A. Earnet; Justice of Sessions, S. Harrington.
LIVINGSTON.—Assembly, Archibaid Kennedy; District Attorney, Edwin A. Nash.
STEUDEN.—Assembly, Second district, Stephen F. Gilbert.
SAKATOMA.—Clerk, James H. Horton; Treasurer,

SAKATOGA.—Cierk, James H. Horton; Treasurer, Heary A. Mann; Justice of Sessions, Samuel Lewis.

AUSTRALASIA.

Change of Ministry in Victoria-Obliteration of a Mail Steamship Contract-Peace Preservation

TELEGRAM TO THE NEW YORK HERALB.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 6, 1872. The steamer Idaho brings Auckland dates to the

MINISTRRIAL DEFRAT IN PARLIAMENT The Vogel Ministry had been defeated by a vote of want of confidence, the resolutions being carried by the opposition after a protracted debate, by

THE MAIL CONTRACT FOR SERVICE TO CALIFORNIA The Legislature had voted to advertise for tenders for mail service via San Francisco.

The home government had officially notified the Victoria government that £20,000 of the Duffy Webb-Vogel contract would be paid by the Britis government: but the change of Ministry had annulled the contract before the receipt of this in-

CONCILIATION OF THE NATIVES AND PEACE. A bill had been introduced into the Legislature empowering the natives to sell land, instead of the government.

The natives were quiet.

SANDWICH ISLANDS.

A New Cabinet Constituted-A Volcano in Eruption-A Royal Ball-Trade.

TELEGRAM TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 6, 1872. The steamer Idaho arrived from Honolulu this evening with dates to the 25th ult. The Honoiulu Gazette announces the new Minis

Minister of the Interior, F. L. Hutchinson. Minister of Finance, Robert Sterling. Attorney General, Stephen H. Phillips. Mr. Harris, the late Premier, declines any

the new Ministry.
The Ministry of Foreign Affairs is yet vacant. ROYAL ENTERTAINMENT. Queen Emma had issued tickets for a ball in honor of the Saxe-Coburg party, who were to leave immediately for Australia.

VOLCANIC ERUPTION. The great summit crater of Mannalea, in the Island of Hawaii, is again in eruption. There is no flow of lava yet. At a distance of seventy-five miles the sight is magnificent.

TRADE. Business in Honolulu is duil. Exchange rules hree per cent.

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

Rubinstein.

The Saturday matinee of the king of planists at Steinway Hall was signalized by the performance of Beethoven's sonata in F minor, "Vogels als Prophet," and "Abends," by Schumann; Bach's fugues in C minor and D major; Rondo, by Emanuel Bach; gigue in A major, by Handel, and Romanza in F major, Barcarolle in A minor, and Valse Albe-marle, by Rubinstein. The interpretation of these major, Barcarolle in A minor, and Valse Albemarle, by Rubinstein. The interpretation of these works was absolutely marvellous, and showed the pianist to be a perfect master of even the most opposite styles. Wieniawski played Vieuxtemp's "Air Varié," and his own incomparable arrangement of Russian airs. No one who takes any interest in music should miss the opportunity of hearing both of these artists. Their equals have never been heard in America, and their concerts are of the most instructive kind. They play to-night, Wednesday afternoon, and Friday evening for the last time in Steinway Hall, and in Brooklyn on Tuesday.

Italian Opera.

The races at Jerome Park, probably, interfered with the attendance at the matinee of "L'Africaine" on Saturday last at the Academy, for although the orchestra stalls and dress circle were well filled, the boxes and amphitheatre were not. The opera was "L'Africaine," in which Madame Pauline Lucca made her début, and her Selika was, if possible, grander and more impressive than ever. The little lady has had the good sense to guard her dainty throat against the treacherous and fickle weather that signalizes the present Autumn, and it would be well if members of her company would follow her example. When both thermometer and barometer induge in the most fanciful and unexpected antics every hour of the day, it behooves singers to be more than ordinarily careiul. Tenors should take this lesson particularily to heart, as their throats are susceptible of

careful. Tenors should take this lesson particularly to heart, as their throats are susceptible of every change in temperature.

Now, at the last matines Señor Abrugnedo, the Spanish tenor, seemed to forget all about the weather and also to forget that the rôle of Vasco di Gama is one of the most trying in the entire range of opera. Consequently he came on the stage hoarse and did not sing as he should. In the grand duet of the fourth act, which has only a parallel in the duo of Valentine and Raoul in "less Huguenots," Madame Lucca had to bear the brunt and right nobly she did it too. This scene alone would be sufficient to stamp her as the greatest dramatic singer living. In the Mancanilla scene she again achieved a success by her intensity of passion and abandon. Judging from the two impersonations of the same character, we can readily believe the assertion made in Europe by her admirers, that she never plays the same rôle twice in the same manner. She is the true child of genius, unfettered by any artificial rules and she enters into the spirit of a rôle with such carnestness that she does not know herself in what manner she may interpret each scene.

Signor Moriami has a very good baritone voice, but his acting is entirely too prononce. Were he to take a lesson from that excellent artist, Jamet, who is an accomplished actor, he would avoid everything approaching harlequinade and gymnastics. Nelusko is a wild, savage warrior, it is true, but then there is no necessity in making him a votary of Terpsichore. Moriami's voice, with moderate action, can always make an impression in the rôle. To-night we are to have "L'Africaine." for the last time, and on Wednesday "Faust."

Mario and Patti sing this evening in Brooklyn. "L'Africaine" to-night for the last time at the

Tony Pastor will introduce this week "A Dutchman in London.' Charley White announces an entire change of bill

at his Athenæum. The Dry Dock Circus and Menagerte stul holds forth to good business.

The last nights of "Diamonds" are announced at the Fifth Avenue Theatre. "Genevieve de Bryant" is Dan Bryant's latest

venture at his Opera House. The very last Patti-Mario concert will be given at Steinway Hall on Tuesday evening. Keating's orchestra has a new programme this week at the American Institute Fair.

"Pygmalion and Galatea" has entered upon a long and prosperous run at Wallack's. The Elks will have their fifth annual benefit at the Academy of Music on Thursday afternoon. The pretty little theatre of Mrs. Conway, in Brooklyn, will glisten this week with "Diamonds." "Roi Carotte" enters upon its seventh week at the Grand Opera House, with undiminished success.

A concert was given last evening for the benefit of the "Société Alsacienne-Lorraine" at Central Park Garden. The new features at the San Francisco Minstrels are "A Bad Night's Rest," "Military on the Brain" and "Love's Rambles."

"Agnes" seems to grow in popularity at the Union Square. It is one of the best of the French school of dramas we have had here lately.

Charley Shay's Opera House, in Thirty-fourth street, has met with encouragement so far. The company is an excellent one for variety business.

Miss Rose Hersee, Mile. Levelile, Ronconi, Spara-pani and Jamet were the leading attractions of the first Sunday concert at the Grand Opera House last evening.

Dominick will "Escape from Sing Sing" every evening at Wood's, and the blonde burlesquers will recite the sad story of "Little Red Riding Hood" The last Rubinstein concerts will be given this week, on Monday and Friday evenings and on Wednesday afternoon. On Tuesday the great pianist will appear in Brooklyn, and on Thursday in Newark.

in Newark.

"Arrah-na-Pogue," despite the underlining of other plays, promises to hold the boards at Booth's for a long time. The Boucleauits are such favorites here that a full house must necessarily await them at all times and under all circumstances.

them at all times and under all circumstances.

Josh Hart is one of the most enterprising, as well as the most indefatigable of managers. He has made the pretty little Comique a success by engaging a drat class variety company and by a constant and judicious introduction of novelties. The bill for the ensuing week numbers some fifty different acts, and many new faces will appear.

THE POLITICAL FIELD DAY.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1872.

Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Nebraska and South Carolina Entered for the Great Preliminary Presidential Contest.

NAMES OF THE CANDIDATES.

The Votes at the Last Elections.

The States of Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Ne braska and South Carolina hold their regular State elections to-morrow, October 8. These elections partake of more than usual interest on account of the approaching Presidential election, which takes place on Monday, the 5th proximo. "As goes Pennsylvania," according to the old political axiom, "so goes the Union," and as Pennsylvania goes in October so it is expected she will go in November following, thus contributing in a powerful degree to the shaping of the results in other States. But it happens that this year the administration have nominated unpopular man (General Hartranft), while, on the other hand, the democrats and liberals have selected one of the most popular citizens of the Key stone State (ex-United States Senator Buckalew) as their standard bearer. Hence it would be hardly fair to judge by the vote in Pennsylvania to-morrov what it will be in November in case Hartranft should be defeated; out if he be elected the "jig" may be considered absolutely "up" so far as the opposition to Grant is concerned.

The following is a list of the candidates in the several States.

Pennsylvania. Republican, Democrats and Liberats
J. F. Hartranit., Chas. R. Buckalew,
U. Mercur James Thompson,
Harrison Allen, Wm. H. Hartiey, Governor..... Supreme Judge. Auditor..... Mm. P. Scheil. Simeon B. Chase.
James Thompson Joseph Henderso:
F. McAdams Barr Spangler. Congressmen at J. W. Hopkins. G. F. McFarland. Joseph W. Cake. A. J. Clark. Chas Albright. B. Rush Bradford

The voting at recent elections has been as follows

3,176 votes having been cast for the temperance candidate for Auditor General in 1871 :-

The candidates for members of Congress are as follows:-Republican Democratic and Liberal. Republican Democratic and Livere At Large.
Glenni W. Scoffeld Richard Vaux.
Charles Albright. James H. Hopkins.
Lemuel Todd. Hendrick B. Wright. Lemuer road Dist.

1—David F. Houston...

2—Charles O'Neill.

3—Leonard Myers.

4—William D. Kelley.

5—Airfed O. Harmer.

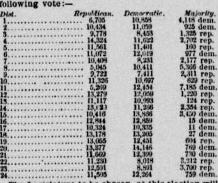
6—James S. Berry.

7—William S. Moore.

4—James Milholland. Samuel J. Randall.
E. Joy Morris.
H. A. Vogelbach.
Walter B. Mitchell. Symington Philips. William H. Witte. Franklin Taylor. Helster Clymer. 6—James S. Berry 7—William S. Moore 8—James Milholland. 9—A. Kerr Smith. 10—John W. Killinger. 11—D. C. Howell. 12—L. D. Shoemaker. 15—J. D. Strawbridge. 14—John B. Tacker. 16—William A. Sponslet. Bernard Reilley. John B. Storm. Starby Woodward. Benneville K. Rhodes. Benneville K. Rhodes A. Rutherford. John A. Magee. Beniamin F. Mayers. R. Milton Speer. Henry Sherwood. Thomas L. Kane. Samuel Griffith. Henry D. Foster. James King. 16—John Cessna.
17—Abraham A. Barker.
18—Sobleski Ross.
19—Carlton B. Curtis.
20—Hiram L. Bichmond.
21—A. Wilson Tayler.
22—James S. Negley.
23—Eben McJunkin.
24—W. S. Moore.

William McClelland Andrew D. Vandling, of Perry county, is an independent anti-Greeley candidate for Congress in the Fifteenth district. There is a serious split among the democracy of the Sixth district. The Montgomery county delegation to their convention seceded and denounce the nomination of Witte as fraudulent, and are running E. L. Acker, member of the present House. The prospect in this district is favorable for the election of a republican, and Ross will undoubtedly be elected in the Eighteenth district. S. G. Morrison, of Williamsport, is also running in this district as the candidate of the abor reform party. The Pennsylvania delegation in the present Con-

gress is made up of thirteen republicans and eleven democrats, who were chosen in 1870 by the following vote:-



The Legislature to be chosen at this election will

choose a United States Senator in place of Hon. Simon Cameron, whose term expires in 1873. Of the thirty-three members composing the State Senate eleven are to be elected this Fall, twentytwo holding over, of whom ten are republicans, eleven are democrats and one independent (A. K. McClure), who has shown by his votes that, on party questions, he will act with the opposition, making the Senate stand, practically, ten republicans to twelve democrats. Of the eleven districts which elect Senators seven gave republican and four gave democratic majorities in 1871. Thus, to secure control of the body, the republicans muscarry all of these seven districts, or, falling to do so, must make it up by carrying one or more of those which gave majorities against them last Fall. The Legislature as last constituted was composed politically as follows:-

House, Joint Ballot. Democratic majority .. 1 Rep. maj., 12 The people are also to vote upon a proposed amendment to the State constitution, whereby, if it is ratified, the State Treasurer will become a

Republicans. Democrats and Libera
Secretary of State. Alien T. Wikoff. Aquilla Wiley.
Judge Sup. Court. John Welch. John L. Green.
Mem. B'd. Educat'n. Rich'd R. Forter.saac B. Riley.
CONGRESSMEN.

Dist. Republicans. d R. Porter. . . same B. Reley RESSMEN.

Democrate and Liberale,
Milton Sayler.

H. B. Bauning.
J. W. Sohn.
J. J. Winans,
Charles N. Lamison.*

Frank H. Hurd.
L. T. Neal.
J. J. Musson,
George W. Morgan.*
Rush R. Sloane.
Samuel P. Nash,
H. J. Jewett.
Milton L. Southard.
John H. Berry.
R. R. Hudson.
C. L. Poorman.
Richard Brown.
Norton Townsend.
Milton Sutilif.
S. Chamberlain. 6—Isaac R. Sherwood... 7—John T. Wilson..... 8—William Lawrence. 11—H. S. Bundy.
12—James Taylor
13—Luctus P. Marsh.
14—T. E. Douglass.
15—W. P. Sprague*.
16—Lorenzo Danford.
17—L. D. Woodworth.
18—James Monroe*.
19—J. A. Garfield*.
20—Richard C. Parsot

In the Eleventh district the prohibitionists have ominated W. B. Chadwick as their candidate. R. F. Paine is an independent candidate in the Twentieth district. As Ohio has been reapportioned, the majorities by districts cannot be given. The vote of the State for Governor in 1871 was republican, 238,273; democratic, 218,105; temperance, 4,084. Republican majority, 16,084. At the State election in 1868 the republicans had 17,383 majority, which was increased to 41,423 in November.

Indiana.

Governor Theon M. Browne Lieut. Governor Leonidas Sexton. Attorney General. James C. Denny Secretary of State Wm. M. Curry Auditor Janes B. Biack Clerk Sup. Court. James B. Black Clerk Sup. Court. Charles Scholl. Sup. Pub Lost. Bean, W. Smith.

CONGRESSMEN.

The straight democrats in Indiana have also nominated the following ticket:-Governor. A. P. Edgerton (since declined).
Licutemant Governor. Green Durbin.
Attorney General. Thomas Brashlum:
Secretary of State. Airred Parsons.
Auditor. Otto Boetticher.
Treasurer

Attorney General Thomas Brandam.
Secretary of State Airred Parsons.
Auditor Otto Rocettcher.
Treasurer — McBride.
Congress at Large W. C. Moreau and W. F. Sherreds. The last State election in Indiana was in 1870, for Secretary of State and other officers. The vote was:-Republican, 157,491; democratic, 160,0591 democratic majority, 2,568. The republican majority for Governor in 1868 was 961, and for President it was increased to 9,572.

Nebraska. Republicans. Greeley Demogratik
Robert W. Furnas. H. C. Lee t.
George B. Lake. Jax M. Woodwort
Daniel Gantt. S. H. Cathoon.
Samuel Maxwell S. eth Robinson.
John J. Gosper Chris. Rothmere.
John J. Gosper Chris. Rothmere.
Jeffers n. W. eston. J. P. Clarke.
Henry A. Koenig F. W. Holmmann.
J. R. Webster August Schoenfre
Wallace M. Abbey. L. H. Rogers.
J. Ach'd J. Weaver. O. B. Hewett.
Wm. J. Connell. J. C. Fox.
S. Melville B. Hoxic. Wm. A. Marlow.
Lorenzo Crouise. Jesse P. Warher. Greeley Democratk
H. C. Lest
Jax. M. Woolworth
S. H. Calhoan
Seth Robinson
Chris. Rothmere
a. J. P. Clarke
F. W. Holmmann Sec. of State... Treasurer. Att'y Genera! Prison Insp'r. Dist. Attorneys.

The republican majority at the election in 1370 was 2,478 in a total vote of 20,000.

South Carolina. South Carolina holds her State election next luesday. There is no democratic ticket in the field, but bolting republicans have nominated Reuben Tomlinson for Governor against F. J. Moses, the regular candidate. There is also a full bolting ticket for subordinate State officers and for Con-

gress in two or three districts. The republicans

33,534. The following is a list of the bolting as well

elected their Governor in 1870 by a majority of

as of the regular republican candidates :-RS Of the regular republican candidates:—

Republican (botters), "Rep." Republican.

Supt. Education. B. L. Koherts (col.) J. K. Jilison.

Governor. Reubon Tominison, F. J. Moses.

Leut. Governor. J. H. Hayne (col.). R. H. Gecaves (col.)

Secretary of State. M. B. Allen (col.). H. R. Hayne (col.)

Attorney General. John T. Green. Samuel W. Melton.

Treasurer. E. T. Garry. F. L. Cardoza (col.)

Comptroller. J. Scott Murray. Solomen L. Hoge.

Adjutant General. P. Ezekial (col.). H. W. Purvis (col.)

CONGRESSAEN.

At Large—Lewis Johnson. R. H. Cain.

Dist. Mai. In 1870:

I—J. Quash (col.)..... Jos. H. Rainey* 8,593 R.
A. J. Rauster (col) 986 R.
R. B. Elliott* 6,567 R.
Alex S. Waliace* 3,304 R. 4-Ben). F. Perry Other Elections.

....Frank Hereford* 1,561 D.

The annual town elections in Connecticut take place to-day, October 7. The democrats and liberals have generally united upon candidates. The West Virginia Congressional election will take place on Thursday October 24. The following are the candidates in the differerent districts:-Dis. Independent. Republican. Maj. in 1870, 1—John J. Davis.* Benjamin Wilson . . . 1,307 D. George W. Latham. B. Frank Martin 913 R.

In the District of Columbia an election will be

held on the 8th of October, when one of the follow-

ing candidates will be chosen as delegate to Con-Republicans. Democrat John W. Lebarnes. L. G. Hine. N. P. Chapman.*

*Members of the present Congress, "Col.," colored.
The character of the majorities is indicated by "R" of
"D," meaning republican or democrat.

A delegate to Congress will also be elected from

Brower.—On Saturday, October 5, after a long-liness, Alexander G. Brower, aged 58 years and BROWER.—OR HINDER G. BROWER, ages 5, 10 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the inneral, from his late residence, at East Chester, on Tuesday, the 8th, at one o'clock, without further invitation. Train leaves Twenty-seventh street at 11:30, returning from Mount at 4:55.

Vernon at 4:55. [For Other Deaths See Fifth Page.] Mosquito Bites .- Burnett's Kalliston eutralizes the poison almost instantaneously.

A.—Herring's Patent
CHAMPION SAFES,
251 and 252 Broadway, corner of Murray street.

A .- For a Stylish and Elegant Hat go-lect to the manufacturer, ESPENSCHEID, IIS Nassau All Henry Ward Beecher's Gratitude for his present sanitary condition of body is to be attributed

to the following letter of instructions, which we publish

in hopes it may benefit others menaced with the in-

dications of Funture :-

My DEAR FRIEND BESCHER—
Your esteemed letter to Dr. Benson is before me, and I hasten to intorm you that it is impossible for me to sparetime to go to Peckskill to diagnosis your left side. If you are threatened with rupture, or If it already exists in its incipiency, your only remedy is cautiousness until your come to the city. Wh n you cough, sneeze, laugh, jump are threatened with rupture, or if it already exists in its incipiency, your only remedy is cautiousness until you come to the city. Wh n you cough, sneeze, taugh, jumpor walk a great deal place your hand upon the left groun, as a security significant place your hand upon the left groun, as a security significant place, your hand upon the left groun, as a security significant place, but left feel certain that you not he right side, and that you have the fullest confidence in my manner of treatment. Could I feel certain that you would not be alarmed and almost fielzied I would send you would not be alarmed and almost fielzied I would send you would not be alarmed and almost fielzied I would send you would not a thing as a settled conviction in my mind that you are in a critical situation I prefer only advisor, you to exercise great precaution till I see you. Spale diet and moderation in your rural en oyments, tocather with cold applications to keep down initiammation, is all that I can recommend until I know more of your case. I cannot advise you to put on a common it us, even temporarily, as the pressure would have a sondency to debilitate the muscular structure and the product of the more control of the product of the security of the structure of the product of the special of the product o

A .- Herald Branch Office, Brooklyn, Open from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.; On Sunday from 3 to 8 P. M.

Angell's Turkish Baths, 61 Lexington avenue, invigorate and vitalize before breakfast, appetize and refresh before dinner, soothe and tranquitize before retiring. Ladies, day and evening; geutlemen, day and night.

Aurora—Golden Hair.—Aurora Wilk-hange any colored hair to a beautiful golden color. BARKER, 1,275 Broadway. A.-A.-Hoarseness and Sore Throat.-KENDALL'S TROCHES.-Clergymen and speakers use them. 703 Greenwich street. Sold by druggists.

A.—A.—For Cleaning and Dyeing Go. to LORD'S, 630 Broadway, near Bleecker street. Gentle-men's apparel elegantly cleaned. A Plain Bit of Advice.—Vote for Whoma you please, but don't fall to buy your HATS at KNOX'S, 212 Broadway. His fabrics are of matchless beauty.

A.—Royal Havana Lottery.—Prices Reduced. J. B. MARTINEZ & CO., Bankers, ID Wall street box 4,685 Post office, New York.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.-The Best in the world; the only perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instan-taneous. At all druggists' Evening Exhibition of New Goods.
Our store will be open this day (Monday), and also tomorrow evening, until 10 o'clock. We invite an examination of the RICH FANCY GOODS and REAL BRONZES
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ADJUSTABLE FASTENING.
Ladies ask for it. Take no other. Open Work Banners, Parade Banners, Portraits, Flags and Tronsparencies at HOJER & GRAHAM'S, # Duane street, N. T.

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